2-INPUT 3CHANNEL VIDEO SWITCH

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

NJM2285 is a switching IC for switching over from one audio or video input signal to another. Internalizing 2 inputs, 1 output, and then each set of 3 can be operated independently. Two of them are Clamp type", and they can be operated while setting DC level fixed in position of the video signal. It is a higher efficiency video switch, featuring the operating supply voltage 5 to 12V, the frequency feature 10MHz, and then the crosstalk 75dB (at 4.43MHz).

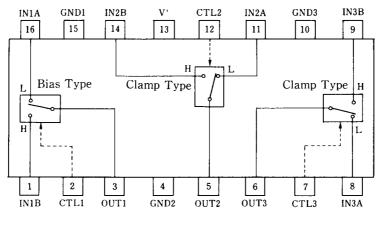
■ FEATURES

- 2 Input-1 Output Internalizing 3 Circuits (Two of them are Clamp type).
- Wide Operating Supply Voltage (4.75 to 13.0V)
- Crosstalk 75dB (at 4.43MHz)
- Wide Bandwidth Frequency Feature 10MHz (2VP-P Input)
- Package Outline DIP16, DMP16, SSOP16
- Bipolar Technology

■ APPLICATIONS

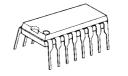
• VCR, Video Camera, AV-TV, Video Disk Player.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



NJM2285D NJM2285M NJM2285V

PACKAGE OUTLINE





NJM2285D

NJM2285M



NJM2285V

MAXIMUM RATINGS $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$ PARAMETER SYMBOL RATINGS UNIT V Supply Voltage 14 V (DIP16) 700 mW Power Dissipation PD (DMP16) 350 mW (SSOP16) 300 mW Topr °C **Operating Temperature Range** -40 to +85 °C Storage Temperature Range T_{stg} -40 to +125

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER SYMBOL TEST CONDITION MIN. TYP. MAX. UNIT \overline{V}^+ = 5V (Note1) Operating Current (1) I_{CC1} 8.0 11.4 14.8 mΑ $V^+ = 9V$ (Note1) 10.0 **Operating Current (2)** Icc2 14.3 18.6 mΑ Voltage Gain Gv $V_{I} = 100 \text{kHz}, 2V_{P-P}, V_{O} / V_{I}$ -0.6 -0.1 +0.4 dB $V_{I} = 2V_{P-P}, V_{O} (10MHz) / V_{O} (100kHz)$ -1.0 dB Frequency Gain GF 0 +1.0 **Differential Gain** DG V_I = 2V_{P-P}, Standard Staircase Signal 0.3 % DP **Differential Phasa** VI = 2VP-P, Standard Staircase Signal 0.3 deg Output Offset Voltage Vos (Note2) -10 0 +10 mV Crosstalk CT $V_{I} = 2V_{P-P}, 4.43MHz, V_{O} / V_{I}$ -75 dB All inside Switches ON Switch Change Over Voltage V_{CH} 2.5 V _ All inside Switches OFF Switch Change Over Voltage 1.0 V V_{CL} _

(Note1) S1 = S2 = S3 = S4 = S5 = S6 = S7 = 1

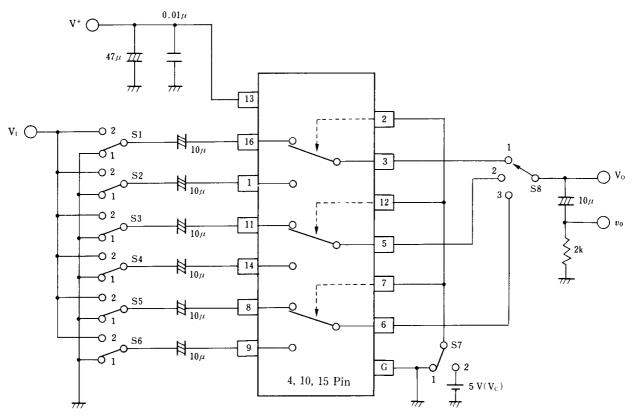
(Note2) S1 = S2 = S3 = S4 = S5 = S6 =1, S7= $1 \rightarrow 2$ Measure the output DC voltage difference

 $(V^+ = 5V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$

■ TERMINLAL EXPLANATION

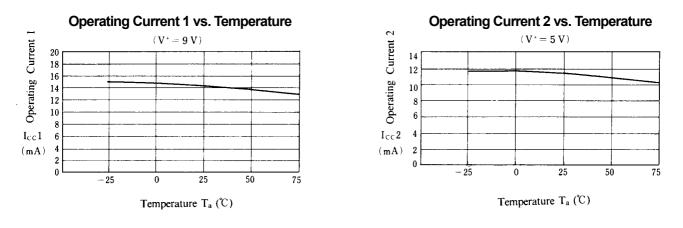
PIN No.	PIN NAME	VOLTAGE	INSIDE EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT			
16 1	IN 1 A IN 1 B [Input]	2.5V	500 15k 2.5V			
11 14 8 9	IN 2 A IN 2 B IN 3 A IN 3 B [Input]	1.5V				
2 12 7	CTL 1 CTL 2 CTL 3 [Switching]		2.3V + 1.9V + 20k			
3	OUT1	1.8V				
56	OUT2 OUT3 [Output]	0.8V	OUT			
13	V ⁺	5V				
15 4 10	GND 1 GND 2 GND 3					

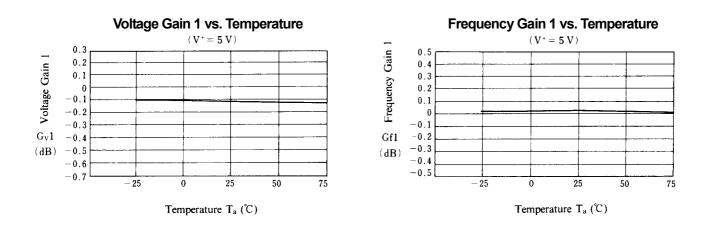
■ TEST CIRCUIT

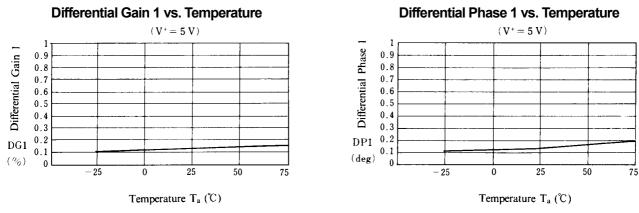


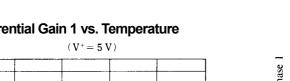
This IC requires $1M\Omega$ resistance between INPUT and GND pin for clamp type input since the minute current causes an unstable pin voltage.

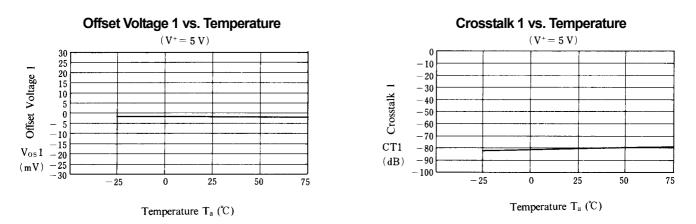
Parameter	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	Test Part
I _{CC1}	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	V ⁺
ICC2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
G _{v1}	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Vo
G _{f1}	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
DG ₁	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
DP ₁	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
CT 1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	Vo
CT 2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	
CT 3	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	
CT 4	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	
CT 5	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	
CT 6	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	
V _{OS1}	1	1	1	1	1	1	1/2	1	Vo
V _{C1}	1/2	2/1	1	1	1	1	Vc	1	Vc
THD	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Vo

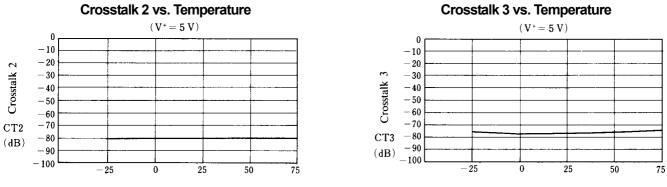






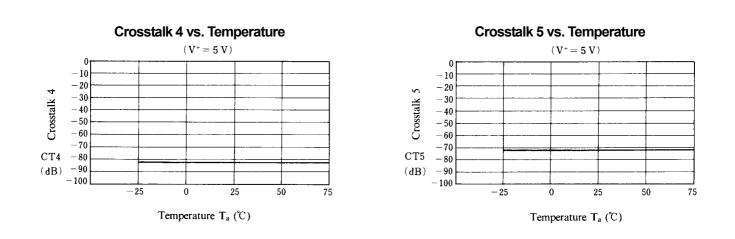




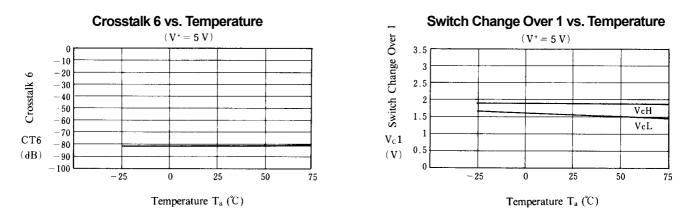


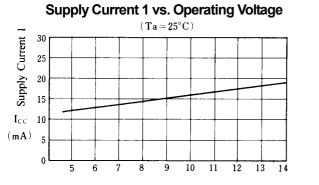
Temperature T_a (°C)

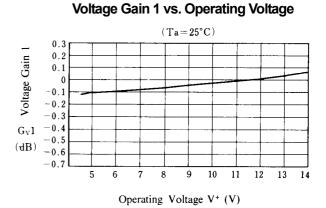


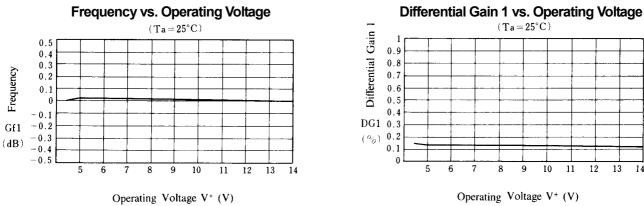


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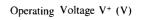








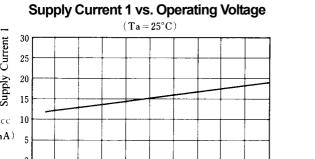
 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$



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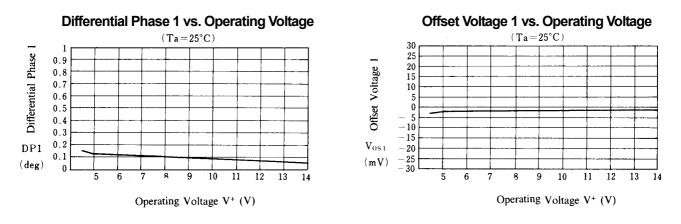
12 13 14

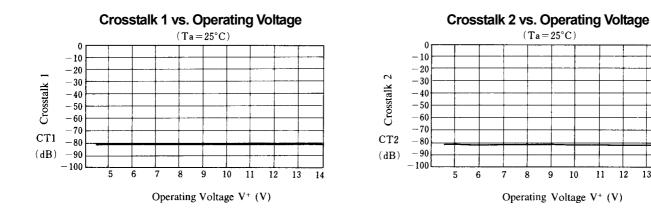
10

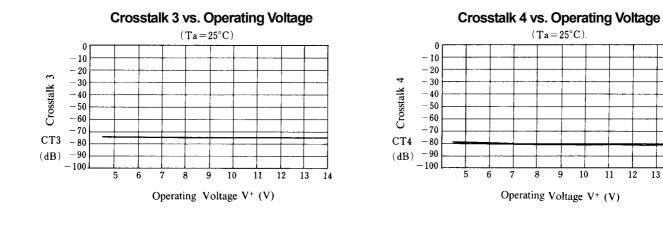


Operating Voltage V⁺ (V)

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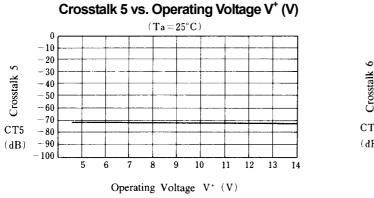


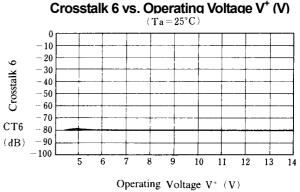


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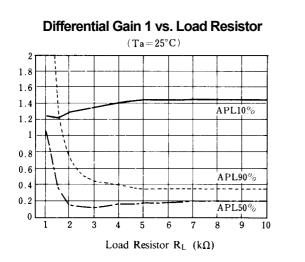
12 13 14



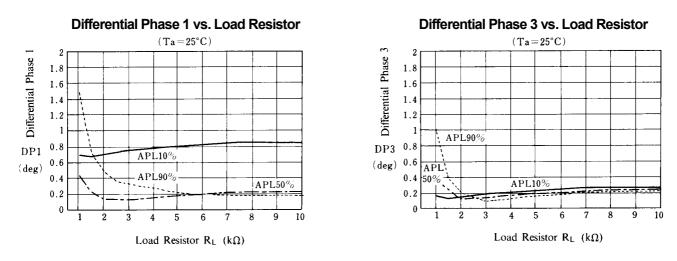


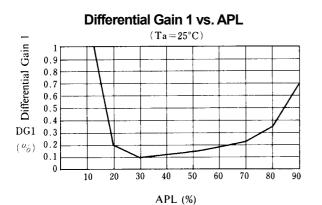
Switch Change Over 1 vs. Operating Voltage $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 3.5 3 2.5 VcH 2 .1.2 VeL 1 0.5 0 9 10 11 12 13 6 7 8 14 5 Operating Voltage V⁺ (V)

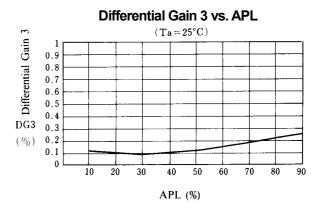
Differential Gain 1 vs. Frequency $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 0 -0.5oltage Gain -- 1 -1.5 -2 - 2.5 -3 Gv -3.5 (dB)- 4 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 Frequency f (MHz)

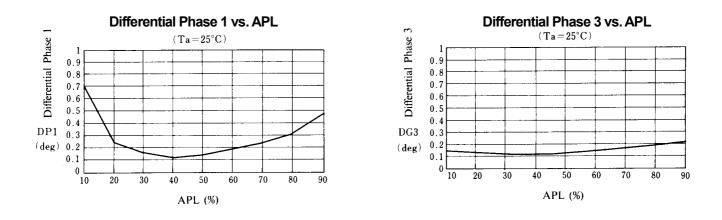


Differential Gain 3 vs. Load Resistor $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$ 2 1.8 Differential Gain 3 1.6 APL90% 1.4 1.2ARL50% 1 0.8 APL10% 0.6 DG3 0.4 (%) 0.2 ----0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Load Resistor R_L (k Ω)









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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS Total Harmonic Distortion Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Load Resistor $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$ 0.5 0.45 0.4 0.35 0.3 0.25 0.2 0.15 THD1 0.1 (%) 0.05 0 5

4

2 3

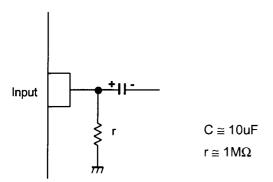
1

Load Resistor R_L (k Ω)

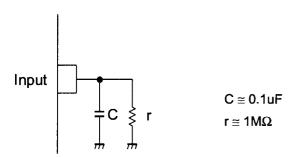
6 7 8 9 10

■ APPLICATION

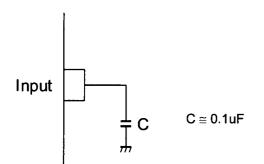
This IC requires $1M\Omega$ resistance between INPUT and GND pin for clamp type input since the minute current causes an unstable pin voltage.



This IC requires 0.1μ F capacitor between INPUT and GND, $1M\Omega$ resistance between INPUT and GND for clamp type input at mute mode.



This IC requires 0.1µF capacitor between INPUT and GND for bias type input at mute mode.



[CAUTION]	
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